

# 23rd World Gas Conference

# UNDERGROUND GAS STORAGE IN AN UNDERSATURATED OIL FIELD IN ARGENTINA

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REPJOL

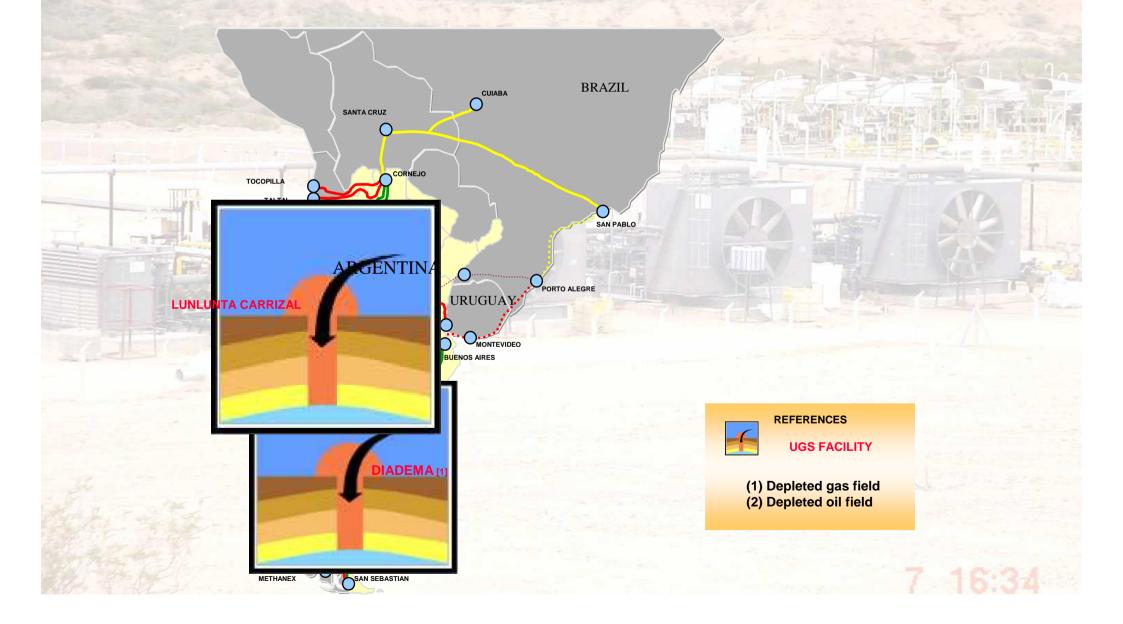
### **PRESENTATION SCOPE**

#### PART 1

- LOCATION
- PURPOSES OF THE UGS PROJECT
- GEOLOGY & RESERVOIR
- SURFACE FACILITIES
- PART 2
  - PILOT PROJECT GOALS
  - COMPRESSION SYSTEM
  - GAS BUBBLE EVOLUTION
  - PRELIMINARY RESULTS
  - QUALITY, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

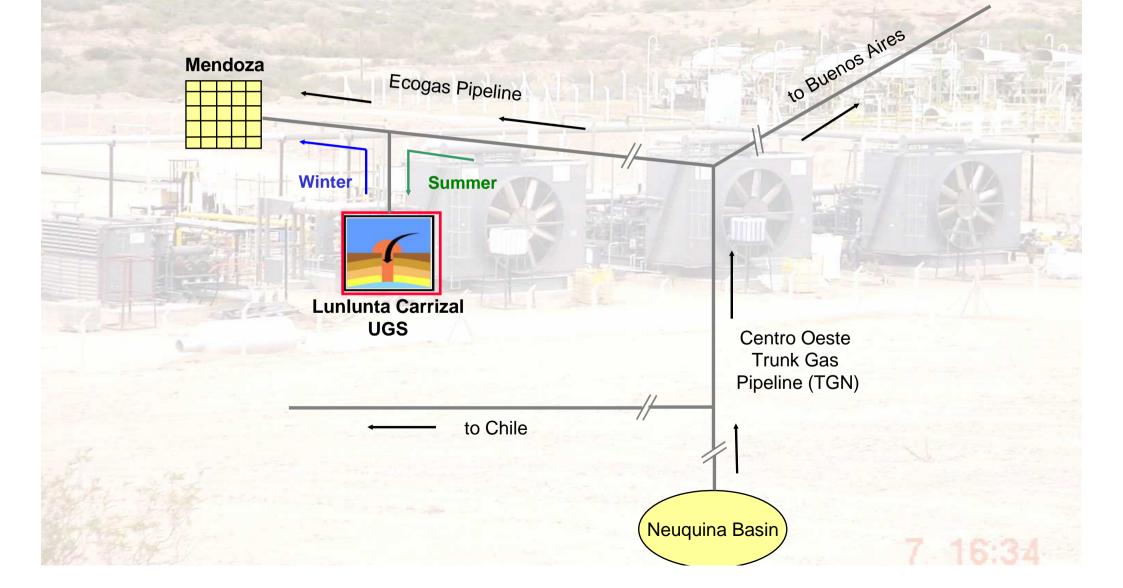
CONCLUSIONS

# LOCATION



# **CONNECTION TO MAIN AND SECONDARY GAS PIPELINES**

REPJOL YPF



### LUNLUNTA CARRIZAL UGS PURPOSES

✓ To comply with Repsol YPF obligations under the natural gas sale contracts in the region of Mendoza

✓ To improve the oil exploitation in Lunlunta Carrizal field (secondary recovery)

To optimize natural gas and oil production in the fields located in Neuquina Basin



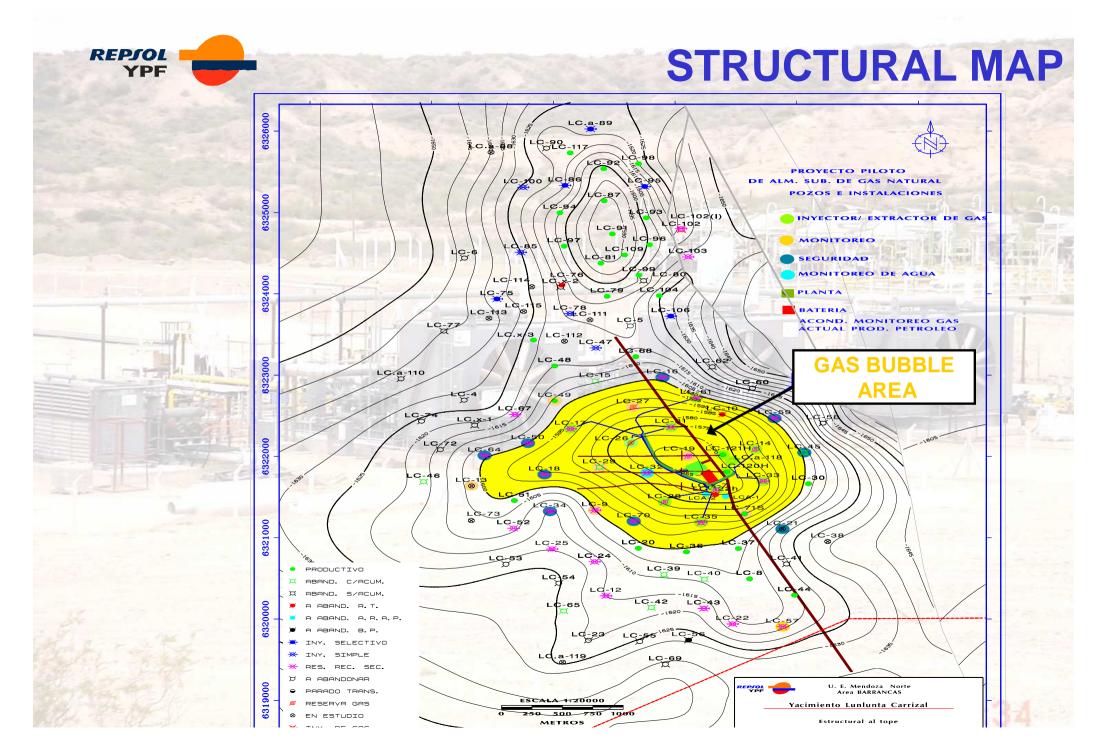
# **GEOLOGY & RESERVOIR**

✓ STRUCTURE: Lunlunta Carrizal structure is an anticline with two apexes separated by a structural low

 CAPROCK: Claystones and volcanic rocks from Punta de las Bardas formation

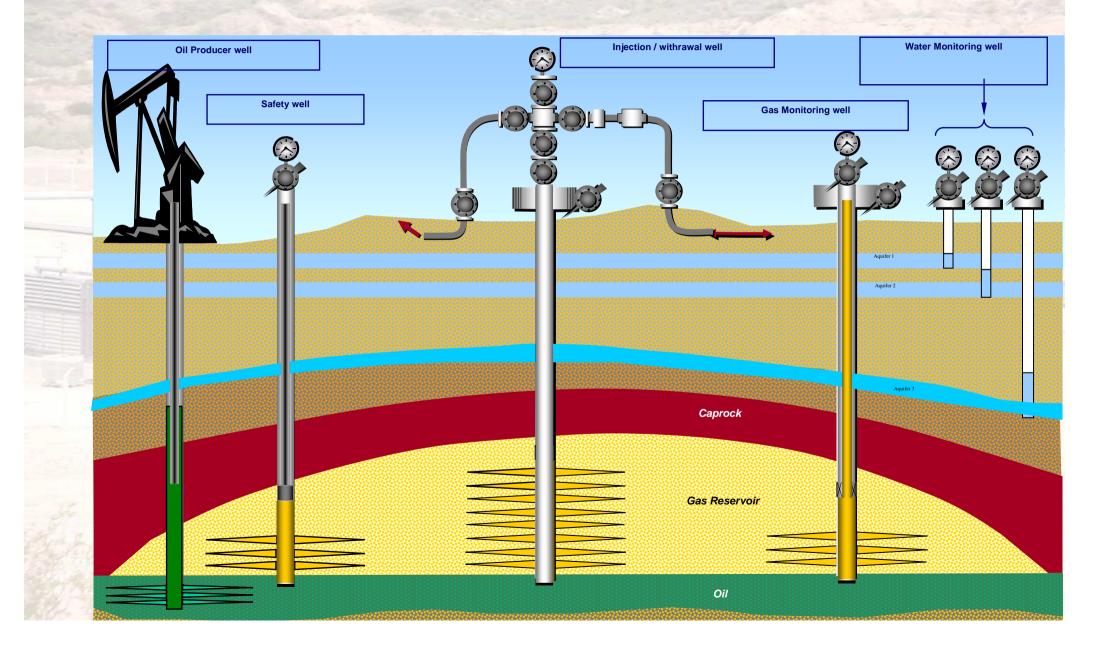
RESERVOIR: includes sandstones and conglomerate (Fluvial deposit)

Depth:	2,400 meters below g.
Porosity :	18 %
Permeability :	70 mD
<b>Original Pressure</b>	: 230 Bar
<b>Current Pressure :</b>	100 Bar





# **UGS CROSS SECTION**





# **UGS WELLS**



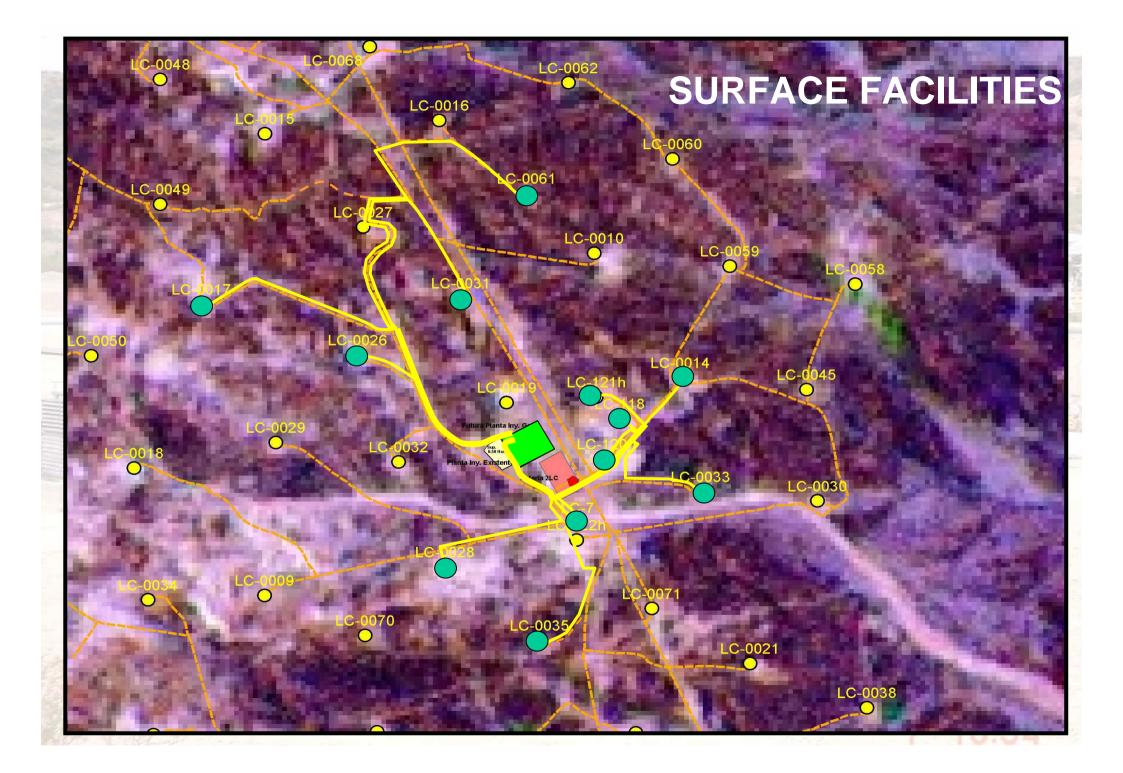
#### Injection / Withdrawal well



Gas monitoring well



Aquifer monitoring well



# PART 2

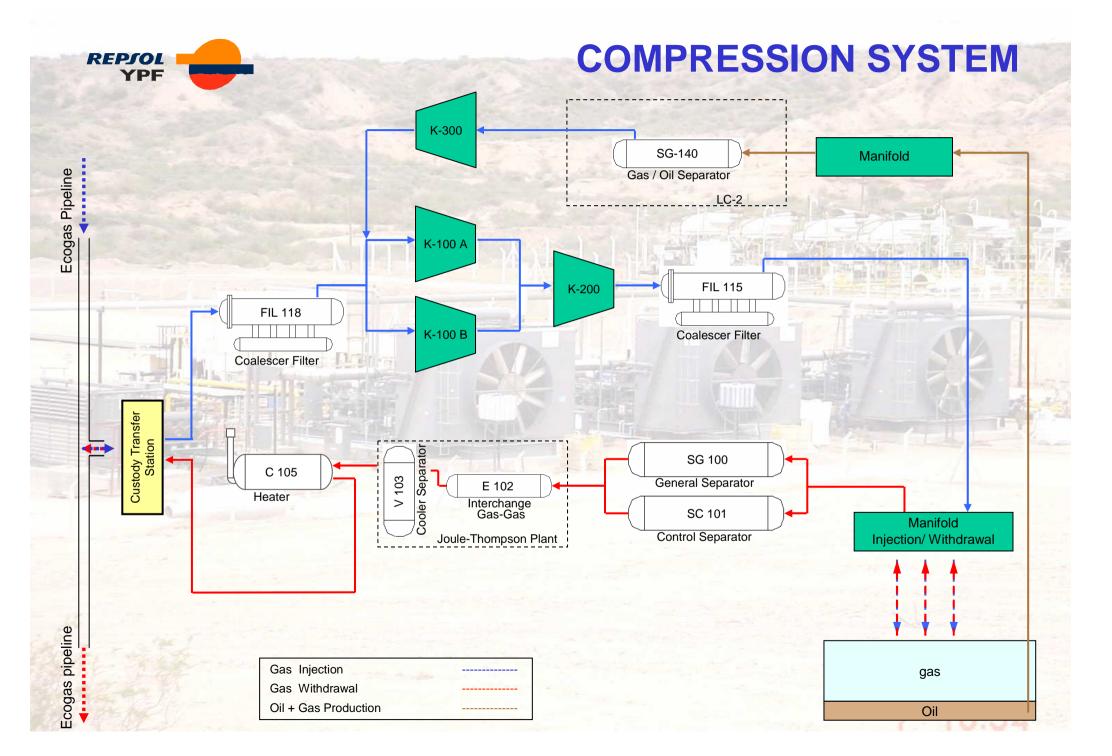
- PILOT PROJECT GOALS
- COMPRESSION SYSTEM
- GAS BUBBLE EVOLUTION
- PRELIMINARY RESULTS
- QUALITY, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



# PILOT PROJECT GOALS

Working gas: 120 M Std. m<sup>3</sup>
Cushion gas: 150 M Std. m<sup>3</sup>
Maximum pressure: 210 Bar
Gas injection flow rate: 0,30 / 0,90 M Std. m<sup>3</sup>/d
Maximum gas withdrawal: 1,0 M Std. m<sup>3</sup>/d
Gas Injection wells (available) : 12
Gas Monitoring wells: 12





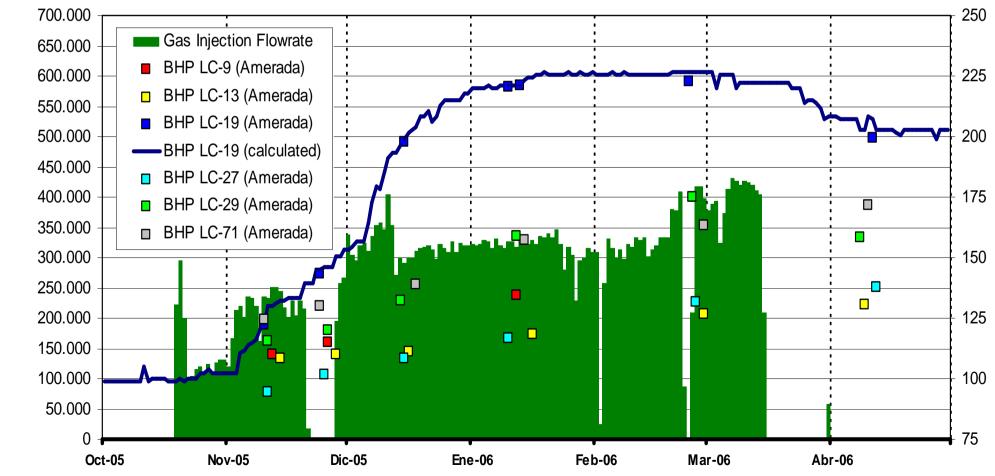


# GAS / LIQUIDS SEPARATORS & FILTERS

# PRESSURE VARIATIONS IN THE MONITORING WELLS

#### UNDERGROUND GAS STORAGE IN LUNLUNTA CARRIZAL OIL FIELD

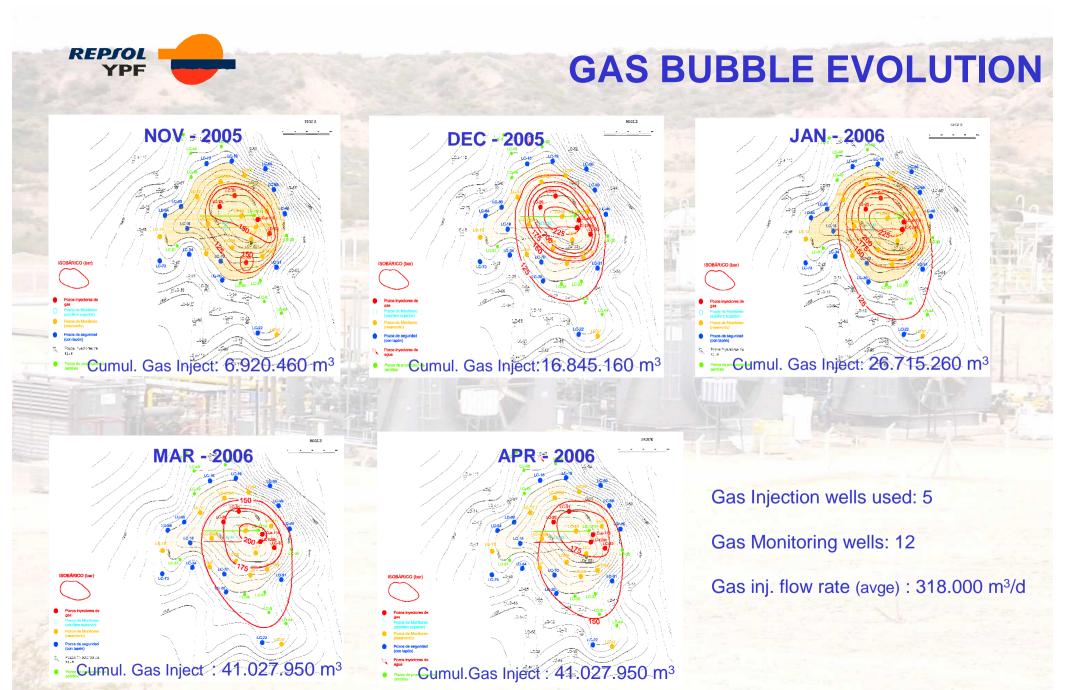
#### PRESSURE VARIATIONS IN THE MONITORING WELLS vs GAS INJECTION FLOWRATE



Injection gas flowrate (std m <sup>3</sup>/day)

REPIOL

YPF



# **PRELIMINARY RESULTS**

The gas injectivity of the wells matches previous estimates

- ✓ Vertical wells: 50,000 std. m³/d per well
- ✓ Horizontal well: 150,000 std. m³/d

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> ✓ As expected, gas injection was not found to impact the aquifers located above the cap rock, which is clearly positive given the large number of wells drilled in the area.

> ✓ The major mobility of the gas injected is registered in zones with high permeability of the reservoir, which are at the same time, areas of high water saturation.

✓ The minimum gas saturation (Sg), necessary for a continuous gas bubble is about 7% of the porous volume.

✓ Considering a reservoir thickness of 10 meters and porosity of 18%, the gas volume necessary (Sg: 7%) is about 40 Mm3 (std), at pressure of 100 Bar.

✓ We estimate that 15 m on the top of the reservoir, is enough for developing a gas bubble of about 100 M Std m3 (Sg: 15%).

# QUALITY, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Repsol YPF successfully completed (2004) the certification of an Integrated Management System (IMS), including the following standards:

Quality (ISO 9001:2000)

Environmental Protection (ISO 14000:1996) Safety and Work Health (OHSAS 18001:1999)

The aspects controled by the IMS are:

✓ Water quality control in higher aquifers, every 6 months.

✓ Casing integrity in oil production Wells located in the area of gas bubble influence.

- Casing protection in Gas Injection Wells, against high pressure.
- Gas bubble control at spill points
- Escape gases composition control at the Compression Plant, Waste Disposal, etc.
- On-line gas control (Scada): Auditable measurement system

# CONCLUSIONS

✓ The Lunlunta Carrizal Project presents a major challenge for Repsol YPF as it involves developing a gas bubble in an undersaturated oil reservoir composed of low-permeability sandstones.

✓ After injecting more than 40 Million Std. m<sup>3</sup> of gas into the reservoir, the gas bubble is in progress on top of the structure.

✓ The IMS in place at Lunlunta Carrizal Storage facility has provided us with effective control tools: no accidents since 2003, accurate gas balancing and a precise monitoring System of the gas bubble and upper aquifers.

✓ Gas production tests will be performed during Jun/Aug-2006, in order to to assess recoverable gas volumes and productivity indexes,

