

100 micro-CHP, Bottrop project, experiences and results

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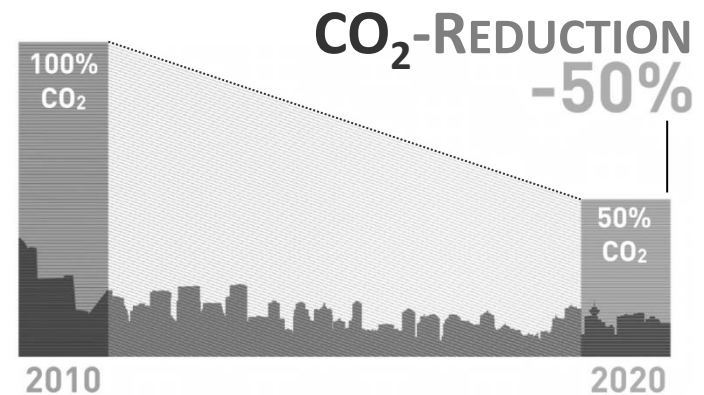
Gas- und Wärme Institut Essen e. V.

- Legal status:
non-profit association
- Founded 1937 by the gas industry
- 62 members companies
- 63 employees
- Departments
 - Research and Development
 - **Fuel and Appliance Technology**
 - Industrial Combustion Technology
 - Testing Laboratory
 - Training and Consulting Centre



InnovationCity Ruhr - Bottrop

- Pilot project
- Representative city within the Ruhrgebiet
- 70.000 inhabitants
- Transferability of results
- Strongly supported by the citizens



Map adapted from http://www.osnabrueck.de/images_design/Grafiken_Inhalt_Tourismus_Freizeit/Deutschland_karte.gif

Technology transfer to a monitored demonstration stage



Laboratory experiments



Application oriented experiments
in the GWI demonstration house



TRANSFER



IMPLEMENTATION



INCREASING TECHNOLOGY READINESS

Focus on:

The transferability of results

→ Deduction of recommendations for market access

- In InnovationCity, **buildings with different structure** (size, age, heat demand,...) were selected
- **100 micro CHP units were installed**
- Automatic monitoring of operating parameters via GSM
- Analysis of two heating seasons



IMPLEMENTATION

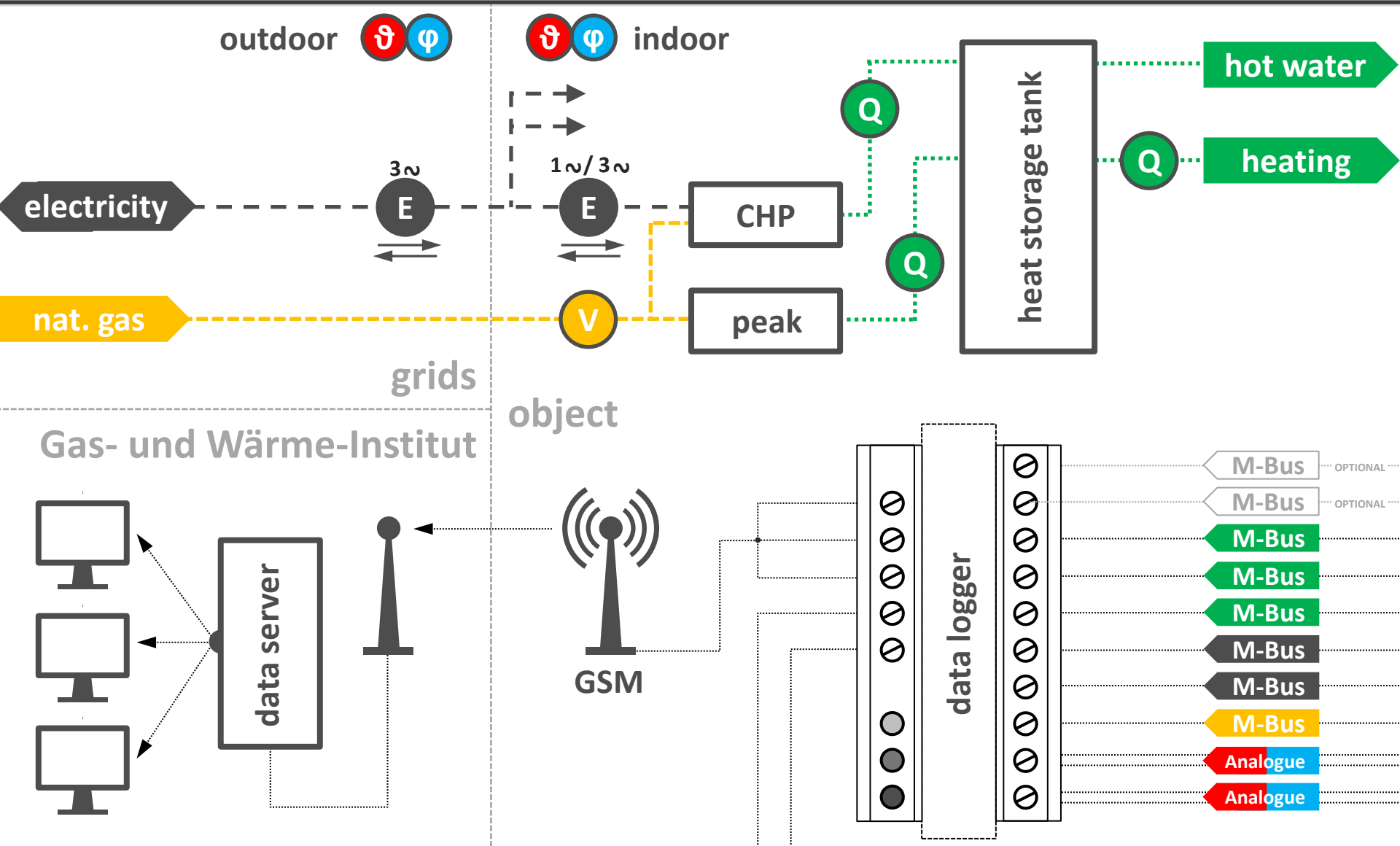


In InnovationCity different micro CHP systems by different manufacturers were installed

- Europe-wide tendering with the goal to achieve a broad technology portfolio
- Selected systems **include heat storage and peak load burner**

Pcs.	System	Technology	kW _{el}	kW _{th, CHP}	η_{el}
20	Brötje EcoGen WGS 20.1	Stirling	1,0	5,0	17,6
14	Viessmann Vitotwin 300-W	Stirling	1,0	5,3	17,0
6	Viessmann Vitotwin 350-F	Stirling	1,0	5,3	17,0
36	Vaillant ecoPower 1.0	Otto	1,0	2,5	26,3
12	Vaillant ecoPower 4.7	Otto	4,7	12,5	24,6
10	CFCL BlueGen	SOFC	1,5	0,5	60,0
2	CFCL BlueGen Beta 2	SOFC	1,5	0,5	60,0

source: manufacturer specifications



The system assignment is based on an automated logic as far as possible. Some exclusion criteria and typical workarounds are listed below

- Insufficient **access** to the installation location
 - Doors must enable a feasible transport of the buffer storage
 - ✓ In **many** buildings the door widths have been increased by the applicants

- Insufficient **room height** of installation location
 - Room heights must fit the demands of the heat storage tanks
 - ✓ In **some** buildings the room height has been increased accordingly

- Insufficient **space** for installation

- Insufficient dimensioning of chimney
 - The exhaust gas routing differs from manufacturer to manufacturer and partly need *well* dimensioned chimney cross-selection areas

- Complicated heat distribution lead to increased installation costs

Selected typical experiences and issues that occurred during installation

- **Rarely**
 - Increased noise emissions due to inaccurate acoustic decoupling
 - ✓ Detection during start-up or by customer feedback
 - CHP control settings incomplete (e.g. CHP system deactivated)
 - ✓ Issues can be detected very fast by analysing the monitored data
- **Very rarely**
 - Challenge to guarantee hot water and heat supply during installation in the heating period (installation between 1 - 5 working days)
 - ✓ Small bridgeable decentralised hot water supply system
- **Common positive feedback**
 - Installers: *The installation of the different micro CHP systems differs partly to conventional heating systems, but presents no problems*
 - ✓ Manufacturer specific trainings had been prerequisite for each installer

The system registration and the corresponding regulatory framework has been identified as one of the main obstacles in Germany

- **Delivery of forms for different recipients**
 - Notification to the local network operator to provide electricity
 - Electronic notification procedure of the BAFA (*Federal Office of Economics and Export Control*)
 - Notification of decentralised generation of electric energy to receive the proceeds
 - ✓ **Customer service: overviews and reminders for required action**

Example

- The notification form for the local network operator to feed-in electricity consists of about 20 pages (depending on manufacturer)
 - ✓ Customer service: **pre-filled and colour highlighted forms** including additional data sheets and specific proofs of manufacturer

object

Object type: twin house

Living area: 160 m²

Year of construction: 1919

inhabitants: 2

Age heating sytem: 24y

Energy supply: 5-6 t coal/a

Installation

CHP system: *Viessmann Vitotwin 300-W*

Installer: *Smit GmbH*

date: March 07, 2014

Notes:

- Usage of the former coal bunker for the installation of the CHP system



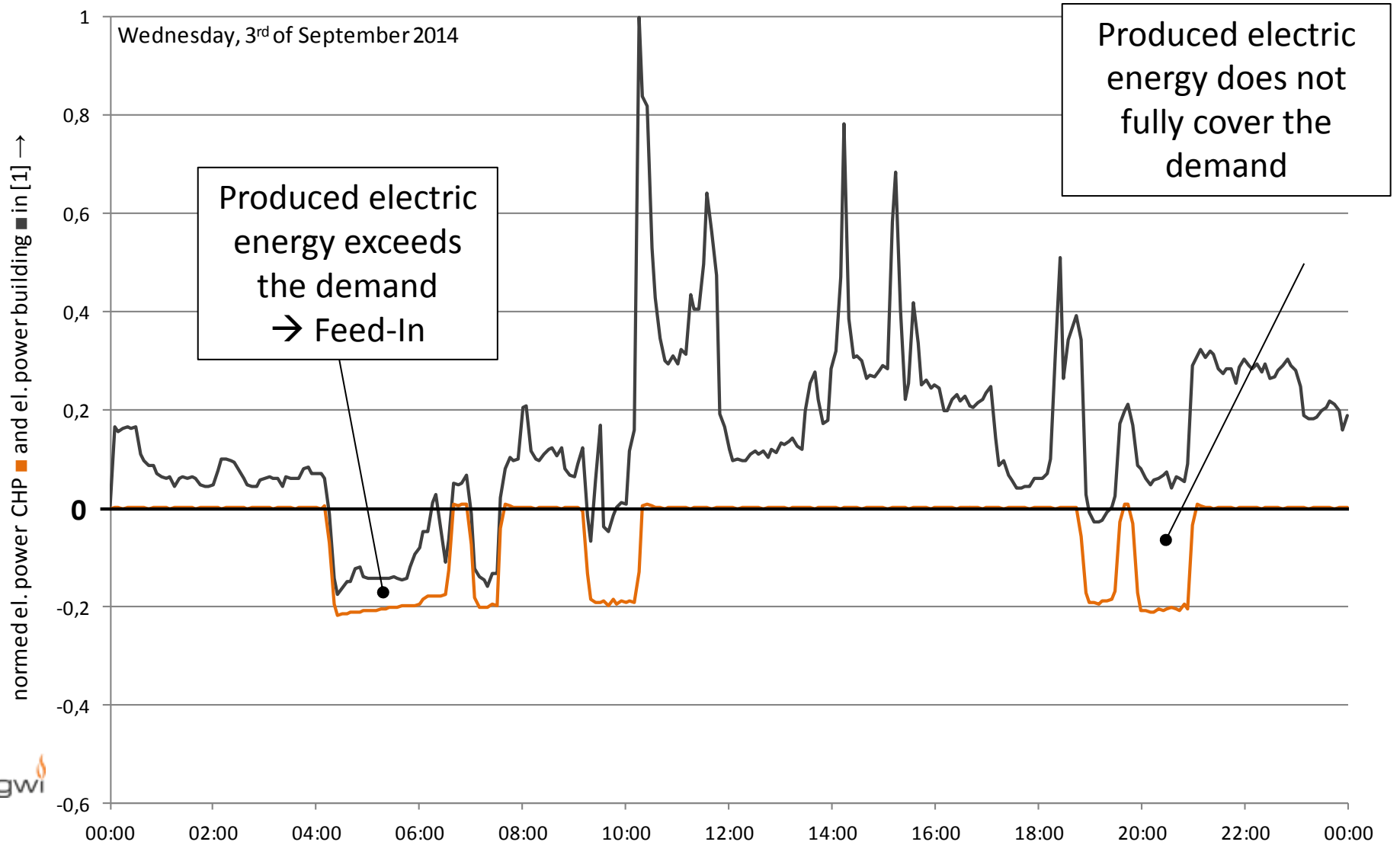
Object

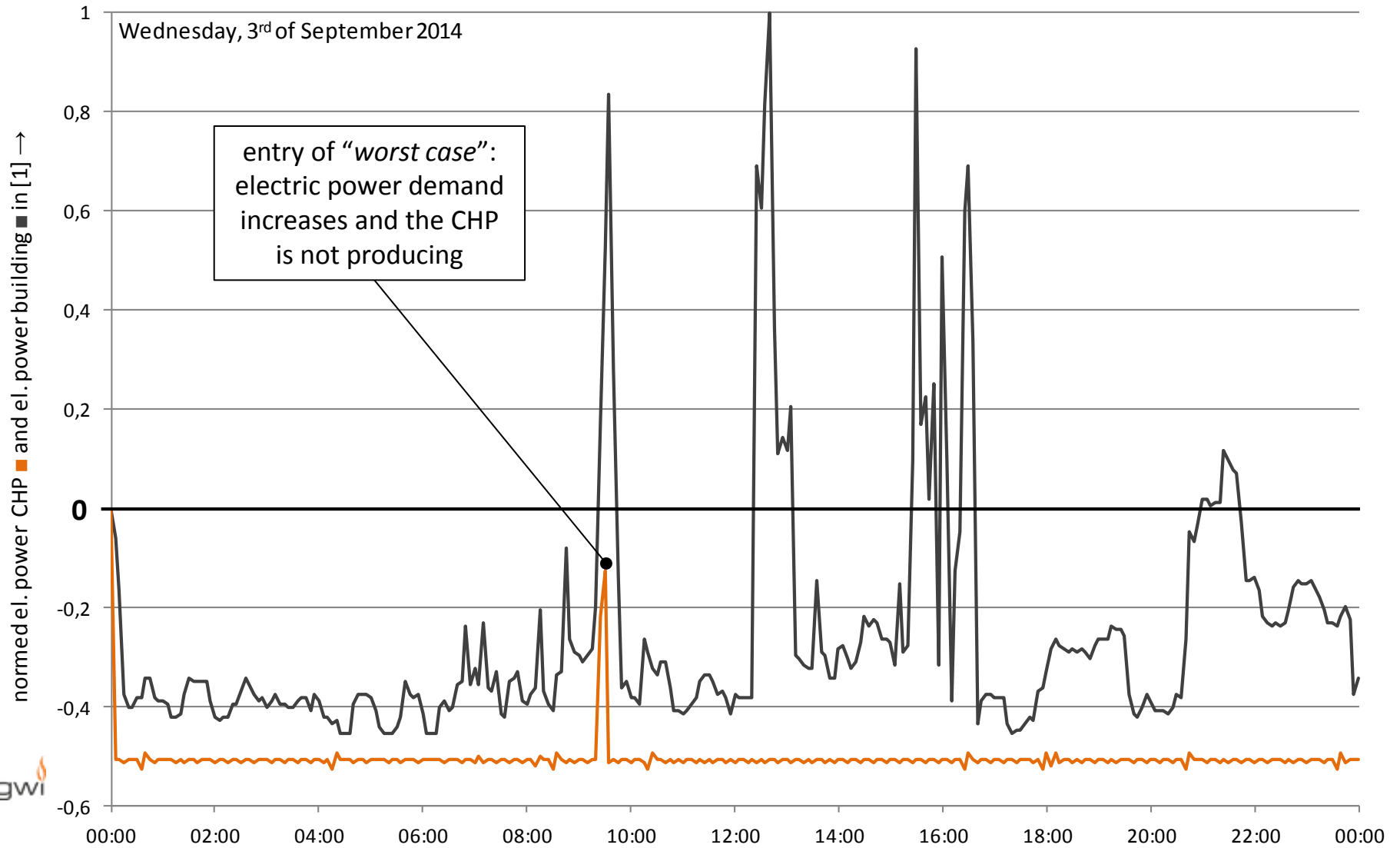


before



after





The project is ongoing and will be completed in September 2015

Current tasks are

- Capturing a complete heating period as a basis for analysis
- Collect realistic utilisation rates (deduce e.g. CO₂ savings)
- System comparisons (Otto, Stirling, Fuel Cell)
- Extension of theoretical models using Modelica
 - Transient simulations of residential areas regarding potentials of CO₂-emission reduction by CHP systems integrated in smart grids

Outcomes

- Energy demand and unit characteristic database
- Optimise the system “CHP + Periphery”
- General statements regarding the potentials of micro CHP units
- Identification of optimisation potentials regarding technical interaction of systems parts on the one hand and non-technical influences (framework) on the other hand
- Economic and ecologic evaluation
 - For more information please visit: www.100kwk.de

Thank you very much
for your kind attention



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