Maintenance Strategy Selection Theory & Practices in Natural Gas Industry: A Case Study of an Indian Gas Utility Company

> Presented by Rama Srinivasan Velmurugan, Chief Manager, GAIL (India) Limited, New Delhi, India

Mail: <u>rs.velmurugan@gail.co.in</u>; <u>rsvelmurugan@gmail.com</u>

Tel: +91 9818866480

Research Process (Maxwell, 1996)



Problem Statement

 How the maintenance managers in a large gas utility company in India formulate the maintenance strategies for their gas transportation/processing operations and how they practice these formulated maintenance strategies?

Research Objectives

- To understand and model the existing maintenance strategy formulation & maintenance practices in a large gas utility company in India
 - To describe the extent of practices regarding reliability in maintenance of equipment/assets/processes.
- To find the gaps between maintenance strategies & practices and benchmarks.



Research Question

 How the gas utility company is planning and executing its maintenance strategy & practices to ensure smooth operation process in the company's business verticals such as petrochemicals & pipeline systems (NG transmission) and why the specific maintenance strategy has been selected for a particular operation process/equipment?

Conceptual Lens- Theoretical Framework



Conceptual Lens-Theoretical Framework

| Constructs | Sub-constructs |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Maintenance Tactics | Breakdown man hours; CBM; TBM; PM; Compliance of PM; OEM Recommendations; RBM; TPM |
| Reliability Analysis | Equipment History; RCA; MTBF; Value Risk Study of maintenance program; Equipment Criticality |
| Performance Measures/ Benchmarking | Labour/Material Cost; Downtime Records; KPI; Training Man hours; Maintenance Performance measures; Internal/Industry Norms; Benchmarking measures & targets |
| Planning & Scheduling | Plant Equipment Register; Standard work order; PM schedules; priorities of WO; Shutdown maintenance schedule; backlog work measurement; long term plans for shutdown work |
| Materials Management | Spares availability; Identified spares; Inventory analysis; Emergency purchase; Average Inventory Turnover; Material stores; Inventory control system & integration with maintenance planning |
| Organization/Human Resources | Maintenance staff level; Maintenance organization; Responsibility of supervisors; adequacy of support staff; Regular Technical training; Apprenticeship program; Deployment of contractors |
| Employee Empowerment | Multi skilled trade people; OBM; Regular discussions with staff supervisors; Self directed work team; minor modification done ; partnership with key suppliers/contractors |
| Information Technology | Availability & Integration of computerized maintenance management & materials management system; Shutdown scheduling; CBM supported automated data analysis; Expert systems for diagnosis |
| Maintenance Policies/ Budget | Maintenance mission & objectives; Long term maintenance plans integrated with business plans; maintenance policy; maintenance budget |

Research Framework

| S. No. | Case Studies | Description/ Unit of Analysis | Level of Analysis |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Case Study1 (Petrochemicals) | Study of Maintenance strategy & practices for Petrochemical processing plant ; UOA : Plant | Company Level Unit Level/Departm ent Level Individual |
| 2 | Case Study2 (NG Pipelines) | Study of Maintenance strategy & practices for NG Pipeline network; UOA : Plant | Company Level Unit Level/Departm ent Level Individual |
| 3 | Cross-Case Analysis | Cross-Case analysis of above 2 cases Petrochemicals & NG Pipelines | 8 |



Data Collection- Main Steps

| Steps in data collection | NG Pipelines (Case Study 1) | Petrochemicals (Case Study 2) |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Development of Case Study Protocol (CSP), Review and final CSP development | December, 2012 to Feb, 2 | 013 |
| Initial Contact and Arrangements | March, 2013 | April, 2013 |
| Data Collection Interviews | July, 2013 to October, 2013 | July, 2013 to August, 2013 |
| Site visits for field observations | October, 2013 to November, 2013 | September, 2013 to November, 2013 |
| Review of case report for internal validity | November, 2013 | November, 2013 |
| Additional data collection | December, 2013 | December, 2013 |
| Total Number of interviews | 6 | 5 |

Data Analysis Method

- Analysis was done with the Textual Analysis & Cross-case synthesis
- Modified grounded theory approach (Charmaz, 2006)
- Qualitative data analysis software— Atlas.ti for managing & visually displaying data
- Manual coding (Charmaz, 2006)

| <u>Open coding</u> | Focused coding A | xial coding |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 'grounded in data' | Directed, selective | Properties and dimensions |
| Line-by-line coding | and conceptual | of a category |

• Patterns of relationships among codes

Data Analysis -Categorization of codes



Data Analysis – With-in case

Conceptual Analysis (Phase 1) -Identification of factors contributing to maintenance strategies & practices in an Indian large gas utility company

Conceptual Analysis (Phase 2) – Identification of factors contributing to specific maintenance strategies selection for a specific process/equipment

Detailed Analysis -

Relationships among the factors identified in phase 1 & maintenance strategies identified in phase 2



Findings of Case Study I & II

- Constructs emerged out from this study are Maintenance Tactics, Reliability Analysis, Performance Measures/ Benchmarking, Planning & Execution, Information Technology, Human Resources, Maintenance Policy/Budget, Material Management and Employee Empowerment
- Constructs emerged out from the study are matching with the initial conceptual constructs
- Additionally, two new constructs have been identified such as Maintenance Challenges & Specific Maintenance Strategy for NG Pipelines

Findings Cross-Case Analysis

- Predictive Maintenance is more used in NG Pipelines than petrochemicals
- TPM & RCM techniques are not followed in both NG Pipelines & Petrochemicals
- Emergency maintenance is very rare in NG Pipeline where are the same is minimized by various maintenance tactics in petrochemicals
- Shutdown maintenance is very crucial in petrochemicals
- No evidence of cost minimization concepts in maintenance in both the cases

Findings Cross-Case Analysis

- Operator based maintenance is being followed in small terminals/ SV stations in NG Pipelines. Not in other plants
- Expert Systems used in equipment diagnosis are specific to NG Pipelines & Petrochemicals
- Maintenance Techniques used are also very specific to systems in NG Pipelines & Petrochemicals

Contributions

- Two types of new constructs related to maintenance strategies & practices such as Maintenance
 Challenges and Specific Maintenance Strategies
 & selection of maintenance strategy
- One new type of maintenance tactics i.e., Proactive Maintenance
- Process Framework for maintenance strategies development & maintenance practices implementation
- Propositions for testing the relations among maintenance strategy development, selection of maintenance strategy and maintenance practices

Suggestions

- Gas utility company to assess the existing maintenance strategies based on the 10 factors emerged out from this study to set its base line
- Implementation of Reliability Centred Maintenance (RCM) & Total Productive Maintenance (TPM) to be thought of
- More benchmarking parameters are to be introduced for measurement of maintenance performance compare to world standards
- Maintenance cost optimization concept is to be implemented
- **Pro-active maintenance** concept to be further explored for effective implementation for minimizing maintenance failures

Thank You