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SP3—2050 Prospective Study

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Looking Back 35 Years—Evolution of the Fuel Mix

Primary energy supply, incremental change since 1980



Oil
Natural Gas
Biomass and Waste



Coal

Nuclear, Hydro, Renewables

Sources: IHS, IEA

Looking Back 35 Years—Global Gas Consumption



Notes: *Power includes CHP and district heating. Industry includes feedstocks, Other includes energy own uses and transport. Source: IHS, IEA

Energy Asset Lives Set the Pace of Change?

Long-life Assets

- Power Plants
- Refineries, Industrial Plant
- LNG Infrastructure
- Pipelines/Reticulation
- Building Stock
- Ships, Ports, Roads and Rail



- Most 'short-life' assets will be replaced by 2030
- Many of today's 'long-life' assets will exist in 2030 except....
- ... big difference between OECD and non-OECD capital stock

Competition in the Power Market will be Fierce



Competition in the Power Sector on Two Fronts

Coal-LNG differential will be higher than in the past



Renewable cost will go down further



Alternative Markets with Potential Extra Value





Transportation



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Truck Fleet has a Rapid Turnover

Fleet turnover regionally varied 12 30% 10 25% Average annual 20% Years 8 turnover 6 15% 10% 4 2 5% 0 0% Turnover Rate Average Lifetime Source: IHS © 2015 IHS

• Most of the world's trucks for use post-2025 have not yet been built or ordered

Three Paths to a New Heat Sector





- **Power**. The main driver for future global gas demand, but value under pressure
- **Transportation**. Transport may provide more value, and see quicker change
- Heat. The long-term future of heat will be critical for natural gas